Please provide emergency sickle cell care STAT!

STOP the pain! Pain = vaso-occlusion = tissue anoxia & damage **= EMERGENCY**. Administer IV opioids within 60 minutes of arrival to the ED. Account for opioid tolerance in dosing. Assess and redose every 30 minutes until pain relief is achieved.

TRIAGE as ESI = 2 per ENA/ACEP/ASH within 30 minutes in ED. Emergency Nurses Assoc. (ENA.org) - Emergency Severity Index Handbook 5th ed., p12

ASSESS for complications including stroke, pulmonary embolism, worsening anemia, & acute chest syndrome. Assess for dehydration.

TEST to screen for underlying complications. REMEMBER: Labs do not rule out a pain crisis! Fever requires investigation for infection due to higher risk of sepsis. Bacterial infection requires IV antibiotics. For children: Must give ABX w/in 1 hour of ED arrival.

I'm sharing	this car	d STAT	to pro	vide
information	that as	sists in	my ED	care.

SCD TYPE: SS SC Other____ Baseline hemoglobin: Baseline pain level: Dr.'s phone: Emergency contact: Contact phone: _

Scan this QR code to access the ACEP ASH **ED Point-of-Care tool** for Sickle Cell.





Developed in conjunction with ACEP physicians. STAT aims to support the work of ACEP (American College of Emergency Physicians) and ASH (American Society of Hematology) to help save lives. For more info, visit www.SickleCellSTAT.org.

OUR PARTNERS IN SAVING LIVES





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Name:	ED Point-of-Care tool
SCD TYPE: SS SC Other	for Sickle Cell.
Baseline hemoglobin:	
Baseline pain level:	国際国
Physician:	阿斯斯斯
Dr.'s phone:	120000000
Emergency contact:	100



Contact phone:

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Strategic Partner

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